

Follow the Sturmian rabbit

Decidability in the substitutive model

March 8th, 2023

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Welcome to the Real World



- in *The Matrix*, the whole universe is encoded with words
- ⇒ how? and how complex?
- answer: study symbolic dynamics!

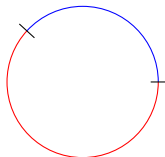
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- **symbolic:** with symbols (=letters in alphabet \mathcal{A})
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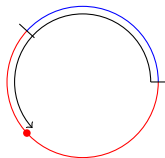
an example: rotations on a circle



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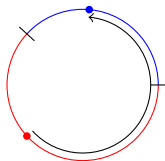


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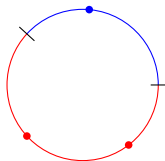


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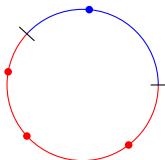


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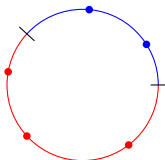


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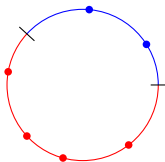


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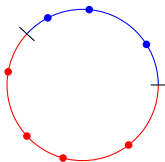


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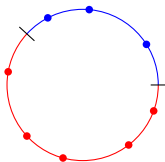


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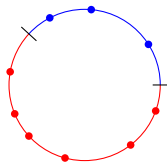


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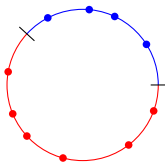


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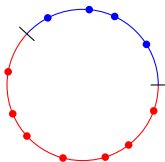


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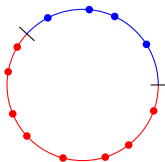


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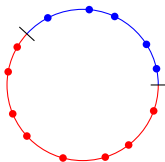


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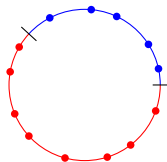


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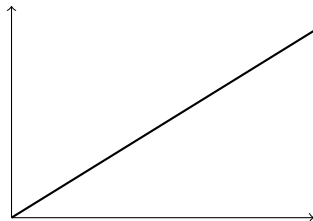
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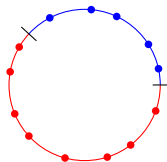


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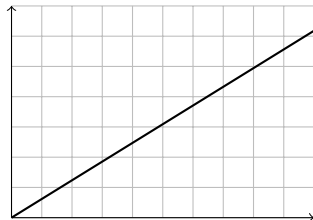
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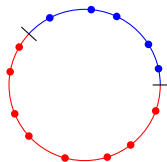


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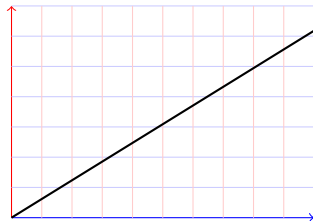
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Now: complexity of an infinite word

- some examples:
 - $aaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaa \dots$ (constant)
 - $abbabbabbabbabbabbabb \dots$ (periodic)
 - $bananaabbabbabbabbabb \dots$ (ultimately periodic)
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Complexity function $p_w(n)$

$p_w(n) = \#$ of **different factors** of length n in w (always $\leq |\mathcal{A}|^n$)

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A characterization! (Morse-Hedlund theorem, 1938)

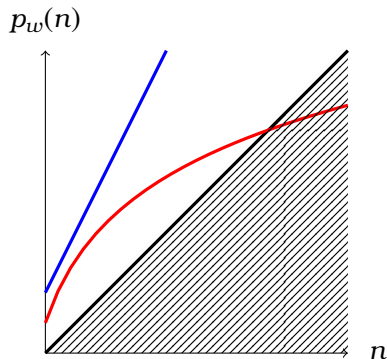
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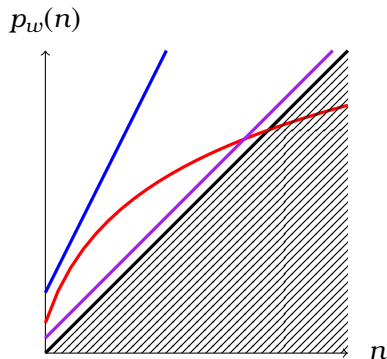
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Sturmian words ♡

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YES!

Discrete lines with irrational slope are **exactly** Sturmian words.

- if rational: periodic
- less math, more computer science!
- Fibonacci word: *abaababaabaababaababaabaabaabaab . . .*

Combinatorics and dynamics agree, for once

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- ok, but: construction?

A modern method to build words (Axel Thue, 1912)

- new way to build words: substitutions

Substitution

A morphism from letters to words.

Example: $\phi(a) = ab$, $\phi(b) = a$.

$$\Rightarrow \phi(abaab) = \phi(a)\phi(b)\phi(a)\phi(a)\phi(b) = ab \ a \ ab \ ab \ a = abaababa$$

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Fibo : $abaababaabaababaababaab \dots$

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Fibo : $abaababaabaababaababaab\dots$

Substitutive word

$$\sigma^\infty(a) = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sigma^n(a).$$

Fibo is substitutive!

- a substitutive word: describable to a machine
- ⇒ can make algorithms to answer questions on them

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Answered questions (Durand 1998-2003)

There are algorithms to decide whether a substitutive word:

- is periodic, ult. periodic, recurrent, unif. recurrent
- is equal to another substitutive word
- has a linear, loglinear, quadratic complexity
- great!

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There are algorithms to decide whether a substitutive word:

- is periodic, ult. periodic, recurrent, unif. recurrent
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- has a linear, loglinear, quadratic complexity
- great!
- . . . it works for Sturmian words, right?

Nope.

Sturmian words are (most often) not substitutive.

- what to do for Sturmian words?
- idea: using *multiple* substitutions

⇒ S -adic representations

S -adic representation of Sturmian words

w is Sturmian iff $w = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sigma_0 \circ \sigma_1 \circ \cdots \circ \sigma_n(0)$ (with $\sigma_i \in \{L_0, L_1, R_0, R_1\}$) (c).

Hi Mom, I'm on TV!

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⇒ S-adic representations

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- in literature: mostly seen for math
- no combinatorial exploitation. . . until I come!

My thesis subject

Finding algorithms to decide properties of Sturmian words, and more generally of families of words described by their S-adic representation.

Thank you for your attention!

(There are chocolate thingies in the cafeteria.)